

TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

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1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to define the Regulations under which mountain bike events in New Zealand are operated.

Events recognised or sanctioned by Mountain Bike New Zealand (MTBNZ), Cycling New Zealand (CNZ) and Cycling New Zealand Schools (CNZS) operate under these Regulations.

2 ABBREVIATIONS

- 2.1.1 MTB Mountain Bike
- 2.1.2 MTBNZ Mountain Bike New Zealand
- 2.1.3 CNZ Cycling New Zealand
- 2.1.4 CNZS Cycling New Zealand Schools
- 2.1.5 PCP President of Commissaires Panel
- 2.1.6 UCI Union Cycliste Internationale

3 TYPES OF MOUNTAIN BIKE COMPETITION

- **3.1 Cross Country -** Cross-country racing emphasises endurance above technical prowess, and races vary from 30 minutes to multiday in length.
 - 3.1.1 Cross Country Olympic XCO

Cross Country Olympic (XCO) is the MTB discipline included in the Olympic Games. An XCO event comprises multiple laps of a course. It is preferable to use a course with a cloverleaf layout to condense the event footprint and provide optimal contact with the race village.

3.1.2 Cross Country Short Course – XCC

Cross Country Short Course (XCC) must start and finish must be in the same area. The distance of the course must not be more than 2 km with a race duration of 20 to 60 minutes. The course which should allow for passing opportunities throughout its length and may have artificial features if they are safe and navigable by the majority of riders.

3.1.3 Cross Country Marathon - XCM

Cross Country Marathon (XCM) utilises a course of between 60 and 160 kilometres. The event can be run as a single loop, point-to-point or over a maximum of up to three laps.

3.1.4 Cross Country Eliminator - XCE

Cross Country Eliminator (XCE) is a short course racing format where riders contest a course must be between 500 metres and 1 kilometre in length and include natural and/or artificial obstacles. The whole course must be 100% rideable, single track sections normally are avoided and where possible the course normally has not more than one 180° turn. The start and finish area must be separated in order to allow short race program. Obstacles such as trees, stairs (up/down), drops, bridges or wooden constructions can create a dynamic short race. The event follows a time-trial format qualification, riders race in groups of four with the first and second placed riders in each race advancing to the next round.

3.1.5 Cross Country Point-to-Point XCP

The course for a cross-country point to point (XCP) event must start in one place and finish elsewhere. There is no minimum or maximum distance specification.

3.1.6 Cross Country Stage Race - XCS

A Cross Country Stage Race (XCS) is a multiple-stage cross country event that includes a range of different racing formats.

3.2 Downhill - DHI

Downhill (DHI) is a point-to-point format utilising a predominantly downhill course. DHI is practiced on steep, rough terrain that often features jumps, drops, rock gardens and other obstacles.

3.3 Enduro

Enduro events comprise a liaison and special (timed) stages. Liaison stages have a maximum allowed time for a rider to complete to avoid penalty. The times taken to complete special stages are accumulated to give an overall total time.

An Enduro special stage course comprises varied off-road terrain. The track should include a mixture of narrow and wide, slow and fast paths over a mixture of off-road surfaces. Each timed stage must be predominantly descending but small uphill or pedalling sections are acceptable. The emphasis of the course must be on rider enjoyment, technical and physical ability.

Enduro liaison stages may include mechanical uplift (e.g. shuttles or chairlift), pedal powered climbs or a mixture of both.

4.1 General

These General Regulations apply to all MTB disciplines at events recognised or sanctioned by MTBNZ, CNZ or CNZS unless specifically noted within these Regulations. Regulations stated for specific MTB disciplines take precedence over Regulations that appear in this section if any conflict exists. These Regulations operate in conjunction with the UCI Regulations¹

CNZS sanctioned events also operate in conjunction with the Cycling New Zealand Schools Rules²

Where any ambiguity or lack of clear ruling exists, the current UCI Regulations will take precedence.

4.2 Conduct

- 4.2.1 All riders, officials, volunteers, coaches, managers and event organisers in any event operating under these Regulations are also subject to:
- CNZ licence terms and conditions
- CNZ policies³ including but not limited to the Cycling New Zealand's Code of Conduct, Child & Vulnerable Adult Protection Policy, Trans Person Policy and Disciplinary Policy
- Cycling New Zealand Schools Rules (for School events)
- Cycling New Zealand Concussion Guidelines
- UCI Rules and Regulations
- Regulations in this document
- Sanctions and Penalties as listed in Appendix B

¹ The current UCI Regulations can be found on the UCI website: https://www.uci.org/inside-uci/constitutions-regulations/regulations

² The CNZS Rules can be found on the CNZS website: https://schools.cyclingnewzealand.nz/about-us/rules-and-regulations

³ The CNZ Policies can be found on the CNZ website: https://www.cyclingnewzealand.nz/organisational-documents

- 4.2.2 A rider must act in a sporting manner at all times and must permit any faster rider to overtake without obstruction
- 4.2.3 Anyone who is found to have intentionally altered the course will have their accreditation removed and, in the case of a rider or other non-authorised licence holder, will be subject to the sanctions listed in Appendix B.

4.3 Eligibility

- 4.3.1 All NZL riders in UCI Category grades (Elite, U23 and U19) must be a member of an affiliated MTBNZ Club and hold an annual license with CNZ
- 4.3.2 All NZL riders in other grades must be a member of an affiliated MTBNZ Club and hold an annual license with CNZ <u>or</u> a Cycling New Zealand one-day license (obtained at the time of entry to the event)
- 4.3.3 One-Day licenses are only valid for the duration of the race for which they were obtained
- 4.3.4 Where International riders are eligible to enter, they must hold an International licence from their own Cycling Federation regardless of their category
- 4.3.5 A valid CNZ license card (or receipt) must be available, if requested, to be presented by all riders at any time prior, during or after the race or event.

4.4 National Championships

- 4.4.1 Only riders who hold NZL Nationality (as recognised by UCI) are permitted to compete in any UCI Category races at the National Championships
- 4.4.2 An exception to 4.4.1 can be made in the DHI race for International riders to complete at the discretion of the PCP. If approved, international riders will be treated as 'Ghost Riders' and will not receive a placing, awards, prizemoney or UCI points
- 4.4.3 Non NZL riders are eligible to race in Non-UCI categories providing they meet the eligibility criteria in 4.3.4 Place getters, regardless of nationality, shall receive relevant medals and prizes (if applicable) however the first placed New Zealand rider shall be acknowledged as the Champion for the event

4.5 MTBNZ National Event Series

- 4.5.1 All NZL riders in UCI Categories (Elite, U23, U19) must meet the eligibility requirements of 4.3.1
- 4.5.2 All NZL riders in other grades must be must meet the eligibility requirements of 4.3.2
- 4.5.3 International Riders are permitted to ride in all categories at MTBNZ events, provided they meet the eligibility requirements set out in 4.3.4

4.6 Age Classifications and Categories

- 4.6.1 Events will recognise a rider's age as at 31 December in the year of the event
- 4.6.2 Riders are required to race in their defined age category if this category is provided by the Event Organisers
- 4.6.3 Age categories are defined below:

Age Categories for events recognised or sanctioned by MTBNZ or CNZ:

Age Category	Minimum Age In the year of the race	Maximum Age In the year of the race
Under 15	13	14
Under 17	15	16
Under 19	17	18
Under 23 (XCO National Championships, Continental Championships, World Cups, World Championships and other UCI calendar races unless combined with Elite)	19	22
Elite	19+	-
Senior	19	29
Masters 1	30	39
Masters 2	40	49
Masters 3	50	59
Masters 4	60	69
Masters 5	70	-

Age Categories for events recognised or sanctioned by CNZS:

Age Category	Minimum Age On 31 st December of the year of the race	Maximum Age On 31 st December of the year of the race
Under 13	At a minimum must be enrolled in Year 7	12
Under 14	13	13
Under 15	14	14
Under 16	15	15
Under 17	16	16
Under 20	17	19

4.7 Elite Categories

- 4.7.1 Entry in an Elite category is for riders aged between 19 and over who demonstrate elite-level ability. Entries are subject to the approval by MTBNZ
- 4.7.2 Riders under the age of 19 are ineligible to compete in the Elite category
- 4.7.3 Masters riders (30+) can elect to license in the Elite category instead of their own Masters Age category. This must be requested each year when renewing their license with CNZ. The rider will then compete as Elite for the entire license year. The license category cannot be changed again during the year, from either Elite to Masters or vice versa

4.8 Own Risk

- 4.8.1 Riders' entry/registration shall be accepted to the event on the condition that they race at their own risk and compete under the rules, regulations and polices of the UCI, CNZ, these Regulations and any specific event rules and terms and conditions as set by the Event Organisers
- 4.8.2 Cycling events carry some inherent risk and competitive races are strenuous by nature. To be able to compete, riders should be in sound physical and mental condition. The rider's health and welfare is of paramount importance. By entering in a race, the rider is declaring that they are in good health and are in an appropriate physical and mental condition to safely complete the race. This includes being responsible for their choices of equipment and refreshments
- 4.8.3 Officials will withdraw or refuse a start to any rider who they believe presents a danger to themselves or to other riders. If, after medical assessment and/or treatment, the rider is permitted by officials to re-join the competition then no timing allowances will be made

4.9 Anti-Doping

- 4.9.1 All riders undertake to comply with the Anti-Doping Policies of CNZ, New Zealand's Sports Anti-Doping Rules, UCI Anti-Doping Regulations, and the Cycling Anti-Doping Foundation (CADF)
- 4.9.2 All riders are responsible for familiarising themselves with the Anti-Doping Regulations and procedures, including medical control tests, testing obligations and procedures, penalties and appeal processes, and forbidden substances
- 4.9.3 All riders are subject to testing

5.1 General Requirements

- 5.1.1 Closed toe footwear must be worn at all times while practicing and competing
- 5.1.2 The use of helmet, chest and similarly mounted cameras is at the discretion of the PCP. Prior approval must be sought
- 5.1.3 Riders are not permitted to wear headphones or other similar music or communication devices during practice or competition
- 5.1.4 Riders are not permitted to cut, bend, fold or otherwise modify the race plate
- 5.1.5 No stickers, written text or other forms of advertising are to be placed on the number plate by the rider without the express permission of the PCP or event organiser
- 5.1.6 All protective clothing and equipment used should have been designed with the express purpose of being used as such

5.2 Bicycle Requirements

- 5.2.1 All bicycles must have two working brakes, one front and one rear
- 5.2.2 All bicycles must be fitted with handlebar plugs
- 5.2.3 All bicycles must have wheels of equal diameter, except for DHI and Enduro events where unequal wheel diameters are permitted
- 5.2.4 All bicycles are subject to random inspection throughout the event and those not meeting the above requirements will be forfeited from immediate competition and not allowed back into competition until deemed satisfactory by an official

5.3 General Helmet Requirements

- 5.3.1 Bicycle helmets that satisfy the current New Zealand or equivalent international standards are compulsory in all events
- 5.3.2 Helmets must be worn and fastened at all times whilst on a bicycle
- 5.3.3 Helmets must be in good condition and fit for purpose
- 5.3.4 Compliance of a helmet with these Regulations will only be confirmed by the presence of an appropriate compliance sticker

5.4 General Clothing Requirements

- 5.4.1 At UCI calendar events riders clothing must comply with the UCI regulations
- 5.4.2 The Schools Rules specify specific regulations for Schools events uniforms
- 5.4.3 At all events, no offensive slogans, logo or branding is permitted on any clothing. This includes alcohol, tobacco, other drug, party pill, pornographic products, sports betting or other product that might damage the image of Mountain Biking
- 5.4.4 The following jerseys must comply with the relevant UCI Regulations:
- New Zealand National Team
- New Zealand National Champion
- Continental Champion
- World Champion

6 PROTECTION POLICY

6.1 Cross-Country Protective Equipment Requirements: All Categories

- 6.1.1 The following items are mandatory:
- A helmet that satisfies the current New Zealand or equivalent international standards is compulsory in all sanctioned events. See 5.3 for more
 - 6.1.2 The following items are highly recommended:
- Sunglasses or protective eyewear
- Full finger gloves

6.2 Downhill Protective Equipment Requirements: Junior – U15/17 (Includes U13, U14, U15, U16, U17 School grades)

6.2.1 The following items are mandatory:

- Full Face Helmet Any 1 or 2-Piece helmet with approved Safety Certification (see below) is permitted
 - 'Enduro Style' 2 Piece helmets with removable Chin-bar are permitted if they meet the approved Safety Certification below. Note the Chin-bar must be attached any time the rider is on course
 - Must achieve one of the following approved Safety Certification standards:
 ASTM-F1952 (ASTM for DH), UN/ECE Reg No. 22, AS 1698, NZ5430, British standard
 BS 6658 or Japanese standard T8133
 - If you are unsure whether your particular helmet meets the required standard, please consult your helmet manufacturer's information

Neck Brace

- Leatt (leatt.com) or similar to work in conjunction with the Full Face Helmet
- **Elbows/Forearm Protection** Regardless of the length of shirt with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone elbow protectors or as part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be elbow only or combined elbow/forearm protection
- **Knee/Shin Protection** regardless of the length of short/pant with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone leg protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be one piece knee/shin protectors or separate knee and shin padding

6.2.2 The following items are highly recommended:

• Spinal Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Cover full length of back (spine) from between shoulder blades to tail bone

- Can be fully, partially or non-articulated in design
- Can be standalone back protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
- Motocross style "roost guards" are NOT PERMITTED unless with a specific back protector, not just a rear roost deflector

• Shoulder Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Outer shell should be constructed of a solid material e.g. Hard Shell Plastic
- Can be standalone shoulder protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest

• Hand Protection

- Full Finger Gloves

6.3 Downhill Protective Equipment Requirements: Seniors: U19, Elite, Masters (includes U20 Boys in Schools grades)

6.3.1 The following items are mandatory:

- Full Face Helmet Any 1 or 2-Piece helmet with approved Safety Certification (see below) is permitted
 - 'Enduro Style' 2 Piece helmets with removable Chin-bar are permitted if they meet the approved Safety Certification below. Note the Chin-bar must be attached any time the rider is on course
 - Must achieve one of the following approved Safety Certification standards:
 ASTM-F1952 (ASTM for DH), UN/ECE Reg No. 22, AS 1698, NZ5430, British standard
 BS 6658 or Japanese standard T8133
 - If you are unsure whether your particular helmet meets the required standard, please consult your helmet manufacturer's information

• Elbows/Forearm Protection

- Long sleeve jersey giving at least ¾ arm cover, preferably to the wrist, OR:
- Short sleeve jerseys worn with elbow protectors with the following properties
 - o Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone elbow protectors or as part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be elbow only or combined elbow/forearm protection
- Short sleeved jerseys (elbow and above), when worn without elbow protection are NOT PERMTITED

• Knee/Shin Protection

- Long leg pants giving full cover to the ankle, OR:
- Short leg pants worn with knee protectors with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone leg protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be one piece knee/shin protectors or separate knee and shin padding
- Short leg pants (above ankle), when worn without knee protectors re NOT PERMITTED

6.3.2 <u>The following items are highly recommended:</u>

• Spinal Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Cover full length of back (spine) from between shoulder blades to tail bone
- Can be fully, partially or non-articulated in design
- Can be standalone back protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
- Motocross style "roost guards" are NOT PERMITTED unless with a specific back protector, not just a rear roost deflector

• Shoulder Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Outer shell should be constructed of a solid material e.g. Hard Shell Plastic
- Can be standalone shoulder protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest

Neck Brace

- Leatt (leatt.com) or similar to work in conjunction with the Full Face Helmet.

• Hand Protection

Full Finger Gloves

6.4 Enduro Protective Equipment Requirements: Junior – U15/17 (Includes U13, U14, U15, U16, U17 School grades)

6.4.1 The following items are mandatory:

- Full Face Helmet Any 1 or 2-Piece helmet with approved Safety Certification (see below) is permitted
 - 'Enduro Style' 2 Piece helmets with removable Chin-bar are permitted if they meet the approved Safety Certification below. Note the Chin-bar must be attached any time the rider is on course
 - Must achieve one of the following approved Safety Certification standards:
 ASTM-F1952 (ASTM for DH), UN/ECE Reg No. 22, AS 1698, NZ5430, British standard
 BS 6658 or Japanese standard T8133
 - If you are unsure whether your particular helmet meets the required standard, please consult your helmet manufacturer's information

6.4.2 The following items are highly recommended:

Neck Brace - Leatt (leatt.com) or similar to work in conjunction with the Full Face Helmet

• Elbows/Forearm Protection

- Long sleeve jersey giving at least ¾ arm cover, preferably to the wrist
- Elbow protectors (regardless of the length of shirt) with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone elbow protectors or as part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be elbow only or combined elbow/forearm protection.

• Knee/Shin Protection

- Long leg pants giving full cover to the ankle OR
- Knee protectors (regardless of the length of short/pant) with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body.
 - Can be standalone leg protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be one piece knee/shin protectors or separate knee and shin padding.

Spinal Protection

Self-fastening – does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body

- Cover full length of back (spine) from between shoulder blades to tail bone
- Can be fully, partially or non-articulated in design
- Can be standalone back protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
- Motocross style "roost guards" are NOT PERMITTED unless with a specific back protector, not just a rear roost deflector

• Shoulder Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Outer shell should be constructed of a solid material e.g. Hard Shell Plastic
- Can be standalone shoulder protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest

• Hand Protection

Full Finger Gloves

6.5 Enduro Protective Equipment Requirements: Seniors: U19, Elite, Masters (includes U20 Boys in Schools grades)

6.5.1 The following items are mandatory:

- Full Face Helmet Any 1 or 2-Piece helmet with approved Safety Certification (see below) is permitted
 - 'Enduro Style' 2 Piece helmets with removable Chin-bar are permitted if they meet the approved Safety Certification below. Note the Chin-bar must be attached any time the rider is on course
 - Must achieve one of the following approved Safety Certification standards:
 ASTM-F1952 (ASTM for DH), UN/ECE Reg No. 22, AS 1698, NZ5430, British standard
 BS 6658 or Japanese standard T8133
 - If you are unsure whether your particular helmet meets the required standard, please consult your helmet manufacturer's information

6.5.2 The following items are highly recommended:

• Elbows/Forearm Protection

- Long sleeve jersey giving at least ¾ arm cover, preferably to the wrist, OR:
- Short sleeve jerseys worn with elbow protectors with the following properties
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone elbow protectors or as part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - Can be elbow only or combined elbow/forearm protection

• Knee/Shin Protection

- Long leg pants giving full cover to the ankle, OR:
- Short leg pants worn with knee protectors with the following properties:
 - Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
 - Can be standalone leg protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
 - o Can be one piece knee/shin protectors or separate knee and shin padding

• Spinal Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Cover full length of back (spine) from between shoulder blades to tail bone
- Can be fully, partially or non-articulated in design

- Can be standalone back protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest
- Motocross style "roost guards" are NOT PERMITTED unless with a specific back protector, not just a rear roost deflector

• Shoulder Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Outer shell should be constructed of a solid material e.g. Hard Shell Plastic
- Can be standalone shoulder protectors or part of a protective suit e.g. full body, half body or vest

• Neck Protection

- Self-fastening does not require auxiliary fastening devices to secure to the body
- Leatt (leatt.com) Brace style construction or similar

• Hand Protection

- Full Finger Gloves

7.1 General

7.1.1 Event Organisers shall, at all times, in consultation with the PCP, have power to alter, postpone or cancel a race on account of weather conditions, safety risks or insufficient entries.

7.2 Officials (Commissaires)

- 7.2.1 Attending Commissaires must hold a current CNZ license with a valid commissaire endorsement (this can be verified on request by CNZ)
- 7.2.2 For MTBNZ National Event Series and National Championships a PCP will be appointed to the event by the MTBNZ Technical Panel.
- 7.2.3 Unless agreed otherwise the Event Organiser is responsible to reasonably contribute to the travel and accommodation of the officials, in addition to providing refreshments during competition.
- 7.2.4 The PCP will present a written report to Mountain Bike New Zealand (the President), Technical Panel and the Event Organiser post the event.

7.3 Technical Guide (Event Manual)

- 7.3.1 The Event Organiser must publish a technical guide (sometimes referred to the event manual) for each event *no less than 28 days prior.*
- 7.3.2 The technical guide must include at least the following details:
- The rules the event will be run under
- Key Contacts including the name, email address and telephone number of the Event Organiser
- Confirmation of categories and licencing requirements
- Registration / Packet Pick up instructions
- How the event will be timed (i.e. will they be issued transponders)
- Where the Event HQ will be located
- Details of first aid cover and where to find assistance outside of the event (i.e. nearest A&E)
- For Downhill and Enduro Events where mechanical uplift is used, the details of the uplift method, ie, type of vehicle, chairlift etc.
- Instructions if the rider needs to withdraw from the race.
- Confirmation of any UCI Points

- Course Maps
- Confirming the age calculation date for the event (age at 31st December in the year of the event)
- Directions to the venue, including if possible, accommodation options
- The categories and starting time for each category
- The programme for any awards ceremonies and who must attend
- The prize(s) or prize pool (if applicable)

7.4 Race Categories

- 7.4.1 Permitted race categories are described in 4.56
- 7.4.2 With limited race entries in a category at the entry deadline, the PCP, in consultation with the organiser, may merge a category with another category as near as possible to that category as deemed necessary. Merged categories must not exclude the recognition of their performance in their original entered category
- 7.4.3 The PCP has the right to disallow a rider to enter a category when the rider is considered to be of a higher standard.

7.5 Rider Numbers (Race Plates)

- 7.5.1 Riders must securely fasten a number plate supplied by the race organiser on the front of the bicycle before commencing practice or race
- 7.5.2 Riders must attach body numbers to the centre of their back if they are provided by the race organiser
- 7.5.3 Front (handlebar) number plates must be 15cm high x 14cm wide, digits must be 8 cm high with a minimum line width of 1.5 cm. Advertising is permitted to a maximum height of 2.5cm on both the upper and the lower parts of the plate
- 7.5.4 Body numbers (mandatory for National Championships) must be 15cm high x 14cm wide, digits must be 10cm high with a minimum line width of 1.5 cm. Advertising is permitted to a maximum height of 2.5cm on both the upper and the lower parts of the plate
- 7.5.5 The numbers on plates must use black text on a white background unless requested otherwise by the PCP
- 7.5.6 Number plates must be fit for purpose and constructed from a robust and waterproof material.

7.6 Facilities and Amenities

- 7.6.1 An undercover area away from the general event activity must be provided for commissaires and race officials to conduct their business
- 7.6.2 Warm up areas must be provided at course starts for all cross country and downhill events
- 7.6.3 Sufficient toilets must be provided to cater for expected number of riders, supporters and spectators
- 7.6.4 Toilets must be provided in downhill start areas
- 7.6.5 A rider information board must be utilised in a prominent location for the display of important event information.

7.7 Safety Planning

7.7.1 The Event Organiser must organise the event to the standards as set out by the national body. Events must consider the safety of riders, volunteers, officials, spectators, supporters and members of the public in their planning. It is important that you fully understand your obligations and have systems and plans in place to meet them at all stages of event planning and delivery

More on your obligations can be found here https://www.cyclingnewzea-land.nz/event-certification-programme and for MTBNZ National Event Series, Event Guidelines.

- 7.7.2 At a minimum, the following documentation should be produced:
 - Safety Management Plan
 - Emergency Response Plan
 - Risk Register
 - Communications Plan
 - Adequate Insurance Cover
 - Medical / First Aid Plan
 - Council Consents
 - Land Owner Permission
 - Marshalls Plans and Briefing
 - Waste Management Plan
 - Traffic Management Plan (if applicable)

7.8 Course Check

- 7.8.1 As a minimum the PCP must complete a course inspection with the Event Organiser at least 24hours prior to the event start (48 Hours Recommended). It is recommended that the Event Organiser produce a course map highlighting specific course features or highly technical areas and that once the PCP is appointed, race organisers contact them (in person, via email or phone) and discuss any specific course features or changes they may be unsure of.
- 7.8.2 Any required changes to course will be the responsibility of the Event Organiser / Club Host

7.9 Down Hill Transportation

- 7.9.1 Vehicle or chairlift transport must be provided to assist riders to the start or from the finish (depending on the course layout)
- 7.9.2 Transportation must not interfere with the course in any way
- 7.9.3 Transport must be capable of transporting at least 120 riders per hour
- 7.9.4 If utilising vehicle transport all riders must have a fixed seat inside the vehicle and a working seat belt.
- 7.9.5 Any deviation to 7.9.4 must be agreed prior to the event between the event organiser and PCP.
- 7.9.6 Riders must not use their own transportation to the course start

7.10 Course Safety

- 7.10.1 In high speed sections of the course or in sections that can be assumed to have high spectator activity, "B" zones shall be marked so that if a rider fails to negotiate the course they will not make contact with spectators
- 7.10.2 In appropriate areas, such as walls, gates or on-course tree trunks, there must be adequate padding used to protect the riders
- 7.10.3 In appropriate areas, such as along the edge of steep drops, catch fences of a smooth flat surface must be used. Nets or mesh fencing with a gauge (hole) greater than 5 mm x 5 mm must not be used
- 7.10.4 A response plan must be in place to provide assistance to all riders at all points on the course at all times, with the least possible delay
- 7.10.5 Only essential vehicles (organisers, security, safety or first aid vehicles) are permitted on the course during racing and official practice in extenuating circumstances and only under direction from the PCP
- 7.10.6 The course may only be ridden by riders officially entered into the event during the event, which includes official practice and competition and appointed Sweepers. A race number / official Plate must be displayed at all times.
- 7.10.7 Coaches and accredited media may be permitted to ride on the course during official practice sessions if they have registered as such and have official coach/media number plates displayed
- 7.10.8 Spectators, including those on bikes, must be kept off the course at all times during official practice and competition
- 7.10.9 Once a race starts, only riders competing in that race are permitted on the course.
- 7.10.10 eBikes are not to be allowed on the course during practice or race time unless there is a specific eBike race or race category in the event schedule.

7.11 Communication

- 7.11.1 The Event Organiser and the PCP must jointly provide a briefing for marshals and First Aid personnel at least 1 hour prior to the race start. The briefing should include information on the health and safety responsibilities, the course (and any changes), emergency response plan, radio protocol, transport to course locations, provided equipment and personal gear or equipment required
- 7.11.2 The PCP, with support from the Event Organiser, must provide a rider briefing before the start of the event. The time and place of the briefing will vary depending on the type and format of race and must be stated in the official programme. For example, DHI briefing would be delivered for all categories in the pit area 15 min prior to uplift commencing, XCO briefings are provided prior to rider call up
- 7.11.3 The Event Organiser must provide suitable communication devices for the commissaires, other race officials, first aid and all course marshals. In most cases this will be a radio system
- 7.11.4 The communication system must be tested at least 48 hours before the start of the event
- 7.11.5 The communication system must allow for a private Commissaire and timing operator channel that is not disclosed to general event staff and/or the general public
- 7.11.6 The communication system must cover the entire course without dead spots from start to finish. Where necessary a radio repeater shall be used.

7.12 First Aid

- 7.12.1 The Event Organiser is responsible for arranging adequate first aid cover for the event
- 7.12.2 It is anticipated and expected that there will be accidents/incidents during a MTB event and the Event Organiser will need to consider their response plan in the event of an incident

It is recommended that the services of a professional first aid provider are contracted for an event (such as Red Cross /St John, etc). Regardless of the provider, a minimum OF 1 x Doctor/Paramedic, 1 x First Aider/Medic, (Minimum qualification Pre-Hospital Emergency Care Certificate NZQA 14470-14473 with experience, and or a nurse with A&E experience, district nurse experience, or Armed Forces Medic or Qualified Ambulance Officer) and general first aid trained team members to provide suitable cover for the entire course, should be provided

All First Aiders must be physically fit and have available appropriate response transport and equipment. Preferably first aiders should be placed at key locations on the course near marshals and the Doctor / paramedic remain at base

All first aid personnel must be easily identifiable with an appropriate badge or uniform. This must be unique

- 7.12.3 There are a number of matters that need to be considered when making first aid support decisions. These include but are not limited to:
 - Location of event
 - Duration of event
 - Estimated number of participants and spectators
 - Demographic of participants (youth, masters, elite they all bring different risk)
 - Type and number of events
 - The course layout, trail grades and technical specifications
 - Forecast weather conditions
- 7.12.4 Additional points to consider for first aid planning:
 - First aid should be provided at all times during official practice and racing
 - The PCP should provide the first aid staff with a briefing prior to the official practice and any racing
 - First aid staff need to be included and informed of Health and Safety procedures including how to access the course and communication methods
 - First aid staff to be provided course maps and if possible included in the course walk.
 - The local hospital and medical centre should be informed of the event

- A First Aid HQ should be located in the event village and should be accessible and visible to riders and members of the public
- The course needs to be accessible for the medical team and ambulances
- A plan of the ambulance emergency access routes shown on maps
- Collect (at the time of entry) and provide a summary of medical conditions for riders to the first aid provider
- Place first aid at the most dangerous or high-risk areas of the course
- Course maps that define vehicle access points, arrangements must be distributed to the first aiders
- All first aid must be easily identifiable with an appropriate Hi-Vis or uniform
- E-Bikes, Motorbikes, ATVs or 4WD vehicles (preferably side by side) can be used to quickly get first aider to awkward locations. Drivers must be licenced, trained, and experienced in the operation of the vehicle used. Quad bikes can only be used by 1 occupant and must be fitted with passive roll over protection structure (props).
- 7.12.5 A report must be submitted by the Event Organiser to the PCP within five working days of the event listing all injuries and treatments rendered

8.1 Protests

- 8.1.1 As per UCI Reg 1.2.132 no appeal shall be admitted against observations of fact, assessments of the situation in races and application of the competition regulations by the commissaires' panel or, where appropriate, an individual Commissaire, or against any other decision taken by them
- 8.1.2 Individual riders or their team management must first approach the PCP concerning any incident in an event
- 8.1.3 A protest arising out of the conduct of a race or an incident must be made in writing to the PCP within one hour after the completion of the event or within one hour of the provisional results being posted (whichever is the later), together with the fee of \$50 NZD
- 8.1.4 This fee is refundable only if the protest is upheld

8.2 Penalties

- 8.2.1 A rider (or other licence holders) may be sanctioned under these Regulations for, but not limited to, any of the following reasons (further sanctions are included in Appendix B):
 - Violation of any of these Regulations of or of the race specific rules as defined in the Technical Guide
 - Breach of the Cycling New Zealand Code of conduct
 - Negligence in regard to personal, rider, spectator, Commissaire, official or volunteer safety
 - Behaviours such as overly aggressive pushing, shoving or physical abuse
 - Negligence or disregard with respect to the land upon which a race is being conducted.
 - Misrepresentation of information on license or race entry application
- 8.2.2 Penalties can be imposed according to the nature of the offense and one or more of the following can be used:
 - Verbal warning
 - Fine
 - Relegation of position (by one or more position)
 - Time or points penalty
 - Disqualification
 - Referral to the National Federation for suspension of licence
 - Refusal to allow a rider to start
 - Immediately remove a rider from competition

- 8.2.3 The penalties applicable to anti-doping infractions are dealt with in the CNZ Anti-Doping Policy. See here https://www.cyclingnewzea-land.nz/ride/drug-free-sport
- 8.2.4 In cases where there has been a significant or wilful offence that requires action beyond the sanctions listed in Appendix B, the matter can be referred on to Cycling New Zealand to be managed through the <u>Cycling New Zealand Disciplinary Procedure</u>
- 8.2.5 Cycling New Zealand reserves the right to take additional action on a matter regardless of whether a sanction has been administered by commissaires or race officials at the event

8.3 Application of Sanctions

- 8.3.1 Guidelines for Imposing Sanctions in Competition are listed in Appendix B
- 8.3.2 Sanctions relating to the Regulations are administered and distributed by the PCP
- 8.3.3 Ignorance of the Rules is not admitted as an excuse

9.1 UCI Regulations

9.1.1 Refer to UCI Regulations for full course requirements. A summary only is provided below

9.2 General Requirements

- 9.2.1 All event courses should be totally separate from that of all other events organised at the same venue
- 9.2.2 If separate courses cannot be achieved, the training and race timetable must be drawn up so that the courses cannot be used simultaneously. This situation must be approved by PCP prior to the event.
- 9.2.3 Start and finish zones must be designed and made clear of any obstacles that may cause a crash or collision
- 9.2.4 Course design should be selected with regard to the level of event and likely capability of the targeted riders.

9.3 Cross Country Olympic (XCO)

General

9.3.1 The course lap length must be in accordance with the table below:

XCO Race Class	Lap Length	
National Championships (CN), Continental Championships (CC), UCI Level C1	4 – 6 kilometres	
UCI Level C2	4 – 10 kilometres	
UCI Level C3, Other Events	No restriction and any race format	

- 9.3.2 No more than 15% of the course shall be sealed or paved road
- 9.3.3 Extended sections of single track must have periodic passing sections included in appropriate places
- 9.3.4 The target winning time for an XCO race should be within the time range shown below:

Class	Target Race Time			
(men and women)	CN + CC + C1	C2	C3 + Other Sanc- tioned Events	
Elite	1:20 - 1:40	1:30 - 2:00	No restriction	
Under 23	1:15 – 1:30	N/A	N/A	
Under 19	1:00 – 1:15	1:00 – 1:15	1:00 - 1:15	
Under 17	-	-	1:00 – 1:15	
Under 15	-	-	0:45 - 1:00	
Senior	-	-	No restriction	
Masters 1	-	-	No restriction	
Masters 2	-	-	No restriction	
Masters 3	-	-	No restriction	
Masters 4	-	-	No restriction	
Masters 5	-	-	No restriction	

- 9.3.5 Weather conditions may require a change of laps to be completed to achieve target race times. In such cases the decision will be made by the PCP
- 9.3.6 If weather conditions require the use of an alternative route(s) it must be marked for the last training session, indicated clearly on the rider information board, or at the rider briefing

Course Marking

- 9.3.7 The course should be marked clearly at a minimum of 250 metre intervals or to a standard that allows course marking to be seen from any point of the course
- 9.3.8 Any course signage or marking used must not hinder the rider
- 9.3.9 Course marking should involve a combination of arrows and tape/bunting
- 9.3.10 All intersections or junctions must be clearly marked
- 9.3.11 Arrows and other directional signage should be black arrows on white or yellow panels with a minimum dimension of 20 cm x 40 cm, and sited no more than 1.5 metres above the ground
- 9.3.12 Arrows should be placed on the rider's right-hand side, except for right hand turns where arrows should be placed on the rider's left hand side
- 9.3.13 In all potentially dangerous situations, one or more arrows pointing downwards shall be placed 10 20 metres before the obstacle and also at the obstacle
- 9.3.14 Signage examples are provided in Appendix A
- 9.3.15 Stakes must be non-metallic, preferably PVC. Wooden stakes are acceptable
- 9.3.16 The course distance must be marked every kilometre indicating the distance remaining to the finish line

Feed / Technical Assistance Zones

- 9.3.17 XCO events require the use of a formal, managed feed/technical assistance zone
- 9.3.18 The final location and design of the feed/technical assistance zone must be approved by the PCP
- 9.3.19 Where possible, the feed/technical assistance zones should be on the rider's right-hand side of the course
- 9.3.20 The feed/technical assistance zone must be flat ground or on a slight incline with a slow, clear entry and exit and wide and long enough for the purpose.
- 9.3.21 The technical zone will ideally be on the same side as the feed zone
- 9.3.22 For XCO one double or two single feed/tech assistance zones are required for each lap and for XCM at least 3 feed/tech assistance zones are required
- 9.3.23 Feed/technical assistance zones are described further in the UCI Regulations.

Start and Finish

- 9.3.24 The start and/or finish must be clearly marked by a rigid gantry or flag structure. Inflatable arches crossing the course are prohibited, unless held up by a solid structure.
- 9.3.25 The structure for marking the start/finish must be approved by the PCP prior to the commencement of official practice
- 9.3.26 The start of the course must be at least 6 metres wide for a minimum of 50 metres before and 100 metres after the start line, after which the course may narrow
- 9.3.27 The start and finish zones of the course must be either flat or a gentle incline
- 9.3.28 The finish area must be at least 4 metres wide for a minimum of 50 metres before the finish line and 20 metres after the line
- 9.3.29 A clear exit must be marked before the start/finish line to allow for rider removal when implementing the 80% rule
- 9.3.30 Barriers or another form of physical delineation must be erected for at least 100 metres before and 50 metres after the finish line (to define the course extent and maintain crowd control)
- 9.3.31 The finish line marked on the course surface must be placed across the entire width of the course
- 9.3.32 The final kilometre of the race must be clearly and precisely indicated
- 9.3.33 For more see UCI Regulations.

9.4 Cross Country Short Course (XCC)

General

- 9.4.1 The start and finish must be in the same area.
- 9.4.2 The distance of the course must not be more than 2 km with a race duration of 20 to 60 minutes.
- 9.4.3 The final 100 metres of the course should be straight and devoid of obstacles
- 9.4.4 The entire course should allow for passing and riders to travel at least two abreast
- 9.4.5 Short climbs and descents are preferred, with no sections that will significantly slow down the field
- 9.4.6 Basic technical features are permissible at the discretion of the PCP
- 9.4.7 A clear exit must be marked where riders may be removed from the course, this must be before the start/finish line

Course Marking

- 9.4.8 The entire course should be taped both sides. Modification to this requirement is at the discretion of the PCP
- 9.4.9 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A

9.5 Cross Country Marathon (XCM)

General

- 9.5.1 An XCM course must be between 60 and 160 kilometres in length
- 9.5.2 The course may involve a lapped format of a maximum of three laps
- 9.5.3 Where a multi-lap format is used, short cuts or part laps are not permitted for any category
- 9.5.4 The course may involve a single lap format where no section of the course is repeated in either direction
- 9.5.5 The course may involve a point-to-point format where no section of the course is repeated in either direction
- 9.5.6 Extended single track sections should be avoided, where necessary these sections should allow for regular passing

Course Marking

- 9.5.7 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A
- 9.5.8 The course must be marked every 10 kilometres with distance markers to the finish line

Feed and Technical Zones

- 9.5.9 Marathon events run in multi lap formats must utilise a feed/technical assistance zones as described in 9.3.17 9.3.23
- 9.5.10 Single loop or point-to-point events must provide a feed station at a minimum of every 30 kilometres

9.6 Cross Country Eliminator (XCE)

General

- 9.6.1 An XCE course must be between 500m and 1000m 1 kilometre in length
- 9.6.2 The course should include a variety of terrain features, allowing for a "showcase" event for the sport
- 9.6.3 The entire course should be wide enough to allow multiple passing opportunities

Course Marking

9.6.4 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A

9.7 Cross Country Point to Point (XCP)

General

- 9.7.1 The course for a cross-country point to point event must start in one place and finish elsewhere
- 9.7.2 No part of the course may be repeated in either direction
- 9.7.3 Aside from differing length and point-to-point format the course will follow the basic course requirements for XCO events (described in 9.3)

Course Marking

9.7.4 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A

9.8 Cross Country Stage Race (XCS)

9.8.1 See individual discipline/stage requirements above

9.9 Downhill (DHI)

General

9.9.1 The duration of the event must be in accordance with the table below:

DHI Race Class	Minimum Race Time	Maximum Race Time
CN, CC, C1	2 minutes	5 minutes
C2	1 minute	5 minutes
C3, Other Sanctioned Events	No restriction	No restriction

- 9.9.2 The course length must be less than 3.5 kilometres
- 9.9.3 The course must follow a descending route. Short uphill sections are tolerated if they have a fast entry
- 9.9.4 The course should comprise varied terrain sections: narrow and broad tracks, woodland roads and paths, field paths and rocky trails. There should be a mixture of fast and technical sections. The emphasis of the course is to test the riders' technical skills and their physical ability

Course Marking

- 9.9.5 The course must be taped on both sides over its entire length. Any variations to this requirement must be approved by the PCP
- 9.9.6 Course marking tape/bunting should not be more than 1.5 metres above the ground
- 9.9.7 Stakes must not be metallic. PVC conduit is preferred
- 9.9.8 Secondary marked "B" zones should be provided in areas of high spectator interest, or where there is a high likelihood of riders crashing and/or unintentionally leaving the course
- 9.9.9 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A

Start and Finish - DHI events

- 9.9.10 The start area must be at least 1 metre and no more than 2 metres wide
- 9.9.11 The start area must be covered with a non-slip surface
- 9.9.12 A covered structure of at least 3 x 3 metres in size should be provided at the course start for Starter / Officials / Commissaire.
- 9.9.13 A suitable handrail must be installed
- 9.9.14 The course start must be flat or on a slight decline
- 9.9.15 The finish must be a minimum of 6 metres wide. There must be a braking area of minimum 35 50m after the finish line with adequate protection and completely cordoned off from the public. The riders exit must be designed in a way that the speed is kept to a minimum.
- 9.9.16 The area after the finish line must be clearly delineated, free from obstacles and conducive to safe slowing of riders
- 9.9.17 Barriers or another form of physical delineation must be erected at least 25 metres before and 50 metres after the finish line, or greater if required by the PCP (to define the course extent and maintain crowd control)
- 9.9.18 The finish area must be rigid fenced in a 'bowl' or similar form, restricting general access to the area and slowing rider exit speed
- 9.9.19 The finish line marked on the course surface must be placed across the entire width of the course

9.10 Enduro

General

- 9.10.1 The organizer must provide the start times for each timed stage
- 9.10.2 Each rider takes an individual start, the start interval between the riders must be of 20 seconds at least
- 9.10.3 A minimum of 3 timed stages must be raced
- 9.10.4 The total time for each rider shall correspond to a minimum of 10 minutes
- 9.10.5 A minimum of 2 different courses for the timed stages must be used. Under unforeseen and exceptional circumstances (e.g. weather), the UCI commissaire may, after consulting the organizer, cancel a stage or remove it from the general classification
- 9.10.6 There are no restrictions on the nature of liaison stages. Uplift of riders can be either by mechanical means (chairlift, truck etc) or by pedalling or a mixture of both
- 9.10.7 Adequate training time on the course must be provided by the organiser for all timed stages.

Course Marking

- 9.10.8 Enduro courses must be clearly marked using a combination of arrows, gates and traditional course tape
- 9.10.9 Extra care must be taken by the organiser to make sure that the course is clearly marked and no shortcuts are possible
- 9.10.10 In sections of the course that are marked by course tape, both sides of the track must be marked
- 9.10.11 Marking requirements can be found in Appendix A

10.1 General

- 10.1.1 Riders must complete the entire distance of the race or as directed by officials
- 10.1.2 Riders must finish with the bicycle the commenced racing with, including both wheels and fork
- 10.1.3 The riders finish is defined by the moment the leading edge of the front wheel crosses an imaginary plane rising vertically from the finish line drawn on the course surface
- 10.1.4 The responsibility for following the official course lies with the rider
- 10.1.5 A rider is not permitted to take any shortcuts or to omit a circuit or take other advantage of a similar nature against opponents
- 10.1.6 If a rider exits the intended course for any reason, they must return to the course between the same two course markers where they exited. If the PCP deems that the rider gained advantage, the rider may be disqualified
- 10.1.7 Riders must act in a sporting manner at all times and shall permit any faster rider to overtake without obstruction at the earliest opportunity
- 10.1.8 Any walking or running of the course is carried out in deference to any riders still riding their bicycles
- 10.1.9 A rider may only change their bike between races. Note that in Enduro races only one frame, one front and rear suspension and one pair of wheels can be used by a competitor during a competition of multiple stages.
- 10.1.10 A rider must not use offensive or abusive language, act in an un-sportsman like manner, be disrespectful to the officials or ignore the race regulations
- 10.1.11 Riders must respect the environment and ride only on the official course.

 The rider must avoid polluting the area and must not leave any waste or litter
- 10.1.12 No glass containers of any kind are permitted on or near the race course
- 10.1.13 Caches of food are not permitted to be stored in areas outside of designated food station or event village. Both for litter and pest animal concerns

10.2 Practice

General

- 10.2.1 All riders on the course during an event must be registered participants
- 10.2.2 All riders on course during an event must have an event number plate specific to the event attached at all times
- 10.2.3 Coaches and media may ride a course during official practice only if they are registered as coaches and display an event number plate specific to their role at all times
- 10.2.4 No practicing is permitted on a course while a race is being conducted

Cross Country Olympic

10.2.5 Courses must be available for practice at least 24 hours prior to the event

Cross Country Marathon

10.2.6 It is not a requirement to offer practice on an XCM race course

Short Course Cross Country and Cross Country Eliminator

10.2.7 Courses must be available for practice at least one hour prior to the event

Cross Country Enduro

10.2.8 Courses must be available for practice at least 4 hours before the event

Cross Country point-to-point and Cross Country stage race

10.2.9 It is not a requirement to offer practice on an XCP or XCS course

Downhill

- 10.2.10 The seeding and final runs must use a single course/single run format
- 10.2.11 A minimum of 30 seconds must be left between rider starts
- 10.2.12 Riders are started from slowest to fastest
- 10.2.13 If marshals wave red flags during a race, riders must stop on course immediately. When instructed by course marshals, riders proceed slowly to the finish line and should report to a Commissaire to request a re-run
- 10.2.14 The decision to grant a re-run is at the discretion of the PCP
- 10.2.15 Riders will commence at the discretion of the start Commissaire
- 10.2.16 Prior to practice and competition commencing, riders must be provided with an opportunity to inspect the course on foot
- 10.2.17 Riders must be provided sufficient practice time to complete at least two practice runs
- 10.2.18 Vehicle or chairlift transport to the course start must be provided
- 10.2.19 All riders must complete at least two complete runs of the course during official practice prior to the commencement of seeding/qualification/competition or will be refused a start

Enduro

10.2.20 Adequate training must be provided by the organiser for all timed stages.

10.3 Race Seeding/Start Grid

Unless otherwise referenced in the event technical guide, the following shall apply for events recognised or sanctioned by MTBNZ or CNZ. For Schools events see the Schools rules <a href="https://example.com/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita/hereita

Cross-Country Olympic

- 10.3.1 The seeding order for XCO will be calculated as follows for events recognised or sanctioned by MTBZ or CNZ:
 - Defending category National Champion
 - UCI Ranking
 - Most recent National Championship placing
 - National Series placings
 - All other riders

- 10.3.2 The seeding order for XCO will be calculated as follows for events recognised or sanctioned by CNZS:
 - Defending National Champion
 - UCI Ranking (U20 only)
 - Most recent National Championship placing
 - Most recent National series placing
 - Most recent National Schools Championship placing
 - All other riders

Cross-Country Short Course

- 10.3.3 Riders will be assembled on the grid utilising a ranking from their fastest lap in the preceding XCO event
- 10.3.4 Where an XCO event is not held or where riders do not contest such an event, riders will be seeded in the same fashion as 10.3.1

Downhill

- 10.3.5 A seeding (qualifying) run will be held prior to the race run for all downhill categories
- 10.3.6 Riders will race in the order according to the results of the seeding run
- 10.3.7 Riders will start in reverse-seeding order per category (highest rank/fastest seeding time goes last)
- 10.3.8 Category order will be decided by the PCP
- 10.3.9 The seeding order for DH will be calculated as follows for events recognised or sanctioned by MTBZ or CNZ:
 - Defending category National Champion
 - UCI Ranking
 - Most recent National Championship placing
 - National Series placings
 - All other riders

- 10.3.10 The seeding order for DH will be calculated as follows for events recognised or sanctioned by CNZS:
 - Defending National Champion
 - UCI Ranking (U20 only)
 - Most recent National Championship placing
 - Most recent National series placing
 - Most recent National Schools Championship placing
 - All other riders

10.4 Start Procedure

Cross-Country and other mass start events

- 10.4.1 Staging of the riders must commence no later than 10 minutes before the scheduled start of the race
- 10.4.2 A rider briefing must be given on the start line, once all riders are staged.

 This briefing must be audible to all riders
- 10.4.3 Start announcements will be made at 3, 2 minutes before the start, 1 minute, and 30 seconds. The Start Commissaire will then announce the race will start within the next 15 seconds
- 10.4.4 Mass start competitions will be started by an audible device such as starting gun or whistle
- 10.4.5 All riders must have at least one foot on the ground and may not lean on fences/other infrastructure, or other riders/by-standers.

Downhill and other gravity related events

- 10.4.6 The start procedure should include a 30 second warning followed by a ten second and five second warning
- 10.4.7 Electronic starting and timing must be used
- 10.4.8 There must be at least a 30 second gap between individual riders starts

10.5 Feed and Technical Assistance

- 10.5.1 Authorised technical assistance during a race consists of repairs to or the replacement of any part of the bicycle other than the frame
- 10.5.2 Bike changes are not permitted and the rider must cross the finish line with the same handlebar number plate that he had at the start
- 10.5.3 Technical assistance can only be given in the feed/technical assistance zones. Spare equipment and tools for repairs must be kept in these zones.
 Repairs and equipment changes can be carried out by the rider themselves or with the help of a teammate, team mechanic or neutral technical assistance
- 10.5.4 In addition to technical assistance in feed zones, technical assistance is permitted outside these zones only between riders who are members of the same team
- 10.5.5 Riders may carry tools and spare parts provided that these do not involve any danger to the rider themselves or the other competitors
- 10.5.6 One feeder per rider is allowed in each allocated feed zone.
- 10.5.7 All feeders and team mechanics must display the allocated feed/technical zone pass (if provided by the event organisers)
- 10.5.8 Feeders must remain stationary for the duration of the feed
- 10.5.9 Contact between feeder and the rider is only permitted in the technical zone.
- 10.5.10 The feeder may only pass items via the hand and may not throw items or place items into/onto the rider's bicycle
- 10.5.11 Water/other liquids are not to be sprayed on the rider unless announced by the PCP

10.6 Cross Country Olympic rider removal (80% Rule)

- 10.6.1 The 80% Rule is applied at the discretion of the PCP
- 10.6.2 Riders will be informed at the rider briefing prior to the start of the race if the 80% rule is applied
- 10.6.3 When the 80% rule is being applied, any rider falling outside of 80% of the first complete lap time will be removed from the course
- 10.6.4 When the 80% rule is not being applied, a rider's race finishes either:
 - When they are lapped by the leader in of their class, or
- When they complete the lap following the leader of their class completing the course
 - 10.6.5 Lapped riders must remove themselves from the course upon the instruction of a commissaire
 - 10.6.6 Riders who are removed from the course by a commissaire due to the 80% rule or being lapped will be placed in the results
 - 10.6.7 Riders who pull out of the event due to injury, mechanical failure or otherwise must inform the Commissaire and are classed as "Did Not Finish", and will lose all benefits, such as a placing, competition points and ranking points.

10.7 Inclement Weather Protocol

General

- 10.7.1 An event should be cancelled or modified in inclement weather in the following circumstances;
 - Conducting the event in the given conditions will pose a significant risk to the participants, race officials, first aid staff and the general public.
 - Conducting the event will cause significant damage to and/or an unacceptable level of damage to the venue.
 - In areas with strict fire danger protocols that may prohibit the running of the event in certain conditions.
 - In any other situation that gives rise for the land owner/ manager to prohibit the running of the event.
 - By the advice, request or direction of relevant authorities, including the land owner, civil defence, fire department, police)

Procedure - pre-event cancellation

- 10.7.2 The decision to cancel the event must be made with as much notice as possible prior to the event start.
- 10.7.3 Where possible, participant should be notified by email, phone or social media prior to the day of the event.
- 10.7.4 Any refund or reimbursement to the rider is entirely at the discretion of the event organisers.

Procedure during event cancellation

- 10.7.5 In Cross Country and related events, Riders are placed in their order at the time of cancellation
- 10.7.6 In Downhill and related events, the PCP may elect to utilise one of the following protocols;
 - Revert to qualifying results for final standings.
 - Leave the results as they stand with some riders unable to complete the event.
 - Cancel the event entirely and omit the awarding of any individual titles or series points.
 - Postpone the finals to another day/time in consultation with the Event Organiser.

11.1 General

- 11.1.1 Presentation ceremonies must take place as soon as possible after the completion of an event
- 11.1.2 Presentation times must be publicised in the Technical Guide (Event Manual) and be available on the rider information board.
- 11.1.3 Any podium rider who fails to report to the time and place of the presentation may be sanctioned.

11.2 Podium clothing and accessories

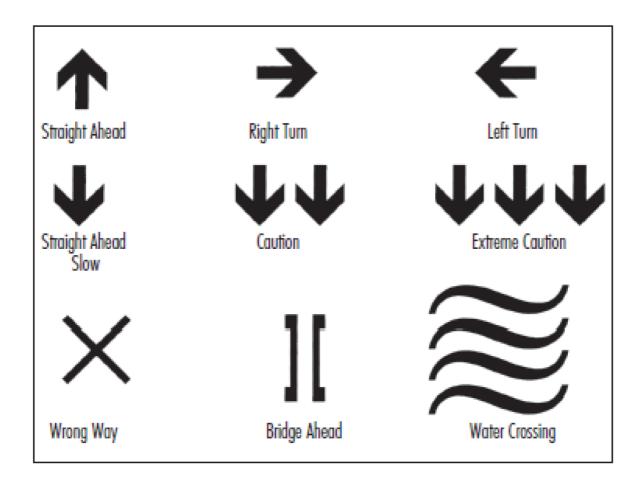
- 11.2.1 Riders must present for podiums in their race kit, or in neat attire.
- 11.2.2 Hats and sunglasses may be worn but must be removed for photographs at the request of event organisers.
- 11.2.3 Riders may bring one item of personal sponsor material onto the podium. This may include items such as drink cans, helmets and goggles. These items must be removed from the podium for photographs at the request of event organisers.
- 11.2.4 Modifications to the above rules may be made by the PCP on a per-event basis

11.3 National Championships

- 11.3.1 A National Jersey will be presented to the first placed rider in UCI Categories at the National Championship event.
- 11.3.2 Championship medals will be presented to the top three riders in all categories
- 11.3.3 In the XCO National Championships where the Elite and U23 Categories are combined, if a U23 rider wins the Combined Race only one (Elite) National Jersey will be awarded to that rider. In the case of an Elite winning the Combined Race, the winner will be awarded with an Elite National Jersey and the first placed U23 rider will be awarded with a U23 National Jersey.

11.3.4 In the DHI National Championships where the Elite and U19 races are run as a combined race. Each grade will have separate medal presentations. In the case of a U19 winning the combined race only one (Elite) National Jersey will be awarded to that rider. In the case of an Elite winning the combined race, the winner will be awarded an Elite National Jersey and the first placed U19 rider will be awarded with a U19 National Jersey.

- A.1 The minimum dimensions of directions arrows must be 40 cm by 20 cm and they must not be sited more than 1.5m above the ground.
- A.2 An arrow is located 10m before each junction, at the junction and 10m after the junction to confirm that the correct route has been followed.
- A.3 Course markings such as wire flags used for marking features during other activities shall be removed for the duration of the event including practice
- A.4 In a potentially dangerous situation, one or more arrows pointing downward are placed 10m to 20m before the obstacle or potential danger, and also where the obstacle or potential danger is.
- A.5 Two arrows pointing downwards are used for a more dangerous situation.
- A.6 A serious hazard requiring great caution must be marked with three arrows pointing downwards.
- A.7 The following signs must be used:



В1 These sanctions are a guide only and may be varied at the discretion of the **PCP** B2 In situations where a second offence occurs, the fine may be doubled **B3** With junior riders and Schools events, the aim is to educate by way of warnings and explanations in the first instance, wherever appropriate **B4** Sanctions for juniors may be half the monetary value **B5** In cases where there has been a significant or wilful offence that requires action beyond the sanctions listed above, the matter can be referred on to Cycling New Zealand to be considered through the Cycling New Zealand Disciplinary Procedure. Cycling New Zealand reserves the right to take additional action on a matter regardless of whether a sanction has been administered by commissaires or race officials.

DEFINITIONS

Warning (W) - A warning is any sanction that has been handed down for an infringement. There is only one warning given — a second infringement will result in disqualification as per UCI regulations. A Warning includes any Reprimand given.

Fine (F) - A monetary penalty within the guidelines of this document, depending on the severity of the incident.

Relegation (R) - Relegation in a heat, final or an event

Disqualification (D) - Disqualification from participation including heats, finals and any other events or a part thereof on the programme (e.g. subsequent rounds, repechages etc). Any other event on the programme may be interpreted as another event on another day

Sanction #	Breach	Sanction Guideline
S1	Failure to present to the start line in adequate time	F \$20
S2	Non-notified scratching	F \$40
S3	Scratching without medical certificate or adequate justification	F \$40
S4	Presentation at the start of a race or race stage with a bicycle that is not in conformity with the regulations	Start Refused
S5	Use of a bicycle in a race which is not in	R + D
	conformity with the regulations	
S6	Wearing of non-essential items	Start Refused
S7	Wearing of inappropriate clothing or articles on the presentation podium	F \$30
S8	Rider at the start without mandatory helmet	Start Refused
S9	Rider taking off the mandatory helmet during a race	F \$30 + D
S10	Rider competing with an unauthorised helmet	F \$30 + D
S11	Incorrect Attire	F \$50 OR Start Refused
S12	Pulling Jersey	F \$30
S13	Wilful obstruction of a rider	F \$ 30 + D
S14	Prohibited assistance to another rider during the race	F \$50 + D
S15	Wilful deviation from the course, attempt to be placed without having covered the entire course by bicycle, resuming the race after having accepted a lift in a vehicle or on a motorbike	F \$50 + D
	accepted a lift in a vehicle of on a motorbike	

S16	Unintentional detour of the course constituting an advantage	D
S17	Non regulation breakdown or medical assistance	1 st offence F \$20 2 nd offence D
S18	Non regulation supply of refreshments	F per offence \$20
S19	Failure to respect instructions by the race organiser, official or commissaire	1st Offence F \$50 - \$100 2nd Offence F \$100 + D
S20	Insults, threats or unseemly behaviour	W or F \$50 to \$100 or D
S21	Acts of Violence among riders	F \$50 + time pen- alty 1 min or D
S22	Acts of Violence Towards anyone else	D
S23	Theft of food, drink or any other goods during a race	D
S24	Carrying a glass container	D
S25	Illegal or dangerous throwing of an object	F \$100
S26	Discarding a glass object	D
S27	Discarding rubbish on the course, including drink bottles, gel sachets and musette bag	W then F\$20
S28	Failing to attend official ceremonies	W then F \$60
S29	Using a mobile phone, CD or MP3 player, transistor radio etc during a race	W then F \$30 then D
S30	Demonstration or collusion to avoid being eliminated	F \$50 or D
S31	Breaking the start	10 second penalty
S32	Breach of provisions concerning the course and	W then F \$20

	warming up	
S33	For irregular movements to prevent their opponent from passing	R then D
S34	For dangerous riding during the race	R then D
S35	For crowding an opponent with the intention of causing them to slow down	W or R
S36	For a deliberate and flagrant action	W or D
S37	For causing the crash of another rider	D
S38	For having blocked an opponent	W or D
S39	For wearing only 1 number where the rules require 2	W
S40	For incorrect gestures	W + F \$20
S41	For incorrect behaviour	W + F \$20 to \$50 or D
S42	For pushing an opponent	W + F \$20 to \$50 or D
S43	For carrying un-savoury publicity on a race jersey	W + F \$20
S44	For incorrect behaviour or disrespect to an official	D
S45	For folding or mutilating a race number, jersey or short	F \$20
S46	Urinating in a public place (including on course)	F \$100 then x 2 for each subsequent offence